# **General Troubleshooting**

Duahlam	field. If a unit fails, do not disassemble it. Contact Customer Service  Possible Solution
Problem	
Controller & keypad dead	1. Check main fuse.
	Check power supply to controller.
Keypad dead, but controller LED's are ON	Check wiring between keypad and controller.
Keypad Fault LED ON	<ol> <li>Keypad microprocessor has malfunctioned. Turn the controller off and back on. If the keypad Fault LED does not go off, contact Customer Service.</li> </ol>
Menu operation slow on keypad display	Check KEYBOARD QTY programming. If it is set for two keypads, but only one is connected, menu operation will be very slow.
Power up is slow	1. When more than one keypad/display is attached to one controller, some power supplies will take longer to come up (i.e., Condor HB24-1.2-A+).
COMM FAILURE—HOST TO	This message may flash briefly on power-up under normal conditions.
KEYBOARD message	2. If the message persists, check keypad wiring connections at keypad and controller
	3. Check DIP switch settings.
	4. While performing processor-intensive programming tasks such as recalculating many setpoints due to a change in SCALE FACTOR, or creating many setpoints through PULSE COPY, the controller may temporarily cease communication with the keypad. Once the calculations are complete, contact will be re-established. Press ESC to clear any remnants of the error message.
Programming functions not accessible	Programming is not enabled. See ENABLE CODES for details.
ERROR: RESOLVER NOT CONNECTED message	Resolver or resolver cable may have failed. See Resolver Troubleshooting.
ERROR: WD RESET message	<ol> <li>This indicates that the watchdog timer has timed out. To clear, turn power to keypad OFF and ON. If this doesn't help, keypad is probably defective.</li> </ol>
POS (position) moves opposite	Check INCREASING DIR for the correct direction of rotation.
to machine direction	Check resolver wiring.
POS (position) does not match machine position	<ol> <li>Verify that OFFSET is correct. Once set, the offset value should not change. If it does, check the resolver coupling to be sure it is not loose. Also see Resolver Trouble- shooting.</li> </ol>
Outputs cycling regularly at	Check that the correct program number is active.
incorrect machine positions	2. Check the setpoints of the output(s) in question. Also check SPEED COMP settings
·	3. Verify that OFFSET is correct.
Erratic Operation	Run the Watchdog Timer test described under MEMORY TESTS in the program ming section of this manual.
	2. See Resolver Troubleshooting.
Analog output not working	Check that ANALOG QTY and ANALOG OUTPUT are programmed correctly.
Analog output not working	2. Check that analog output module is located in the correct module position.
	Check correct wiring of analog output.
	4. Verify that the load is within specifications for the analog module.
	5. Try a different analog output module.

## **Problem**

## **Possible Solution**

Backplane: Unable to write to the 1746 programming functions in the M:O files The Programming Error Register (I:S.7) or the Hardware Status/Error Register (I:S.5) may have an error bit set. This will prevent writing any data to the M:O files until the error is cleared. Clear the error by toggling bit O:S.0/8 from a 0 to a 1.

## **PS-6400 Keypad Troubleshooting**



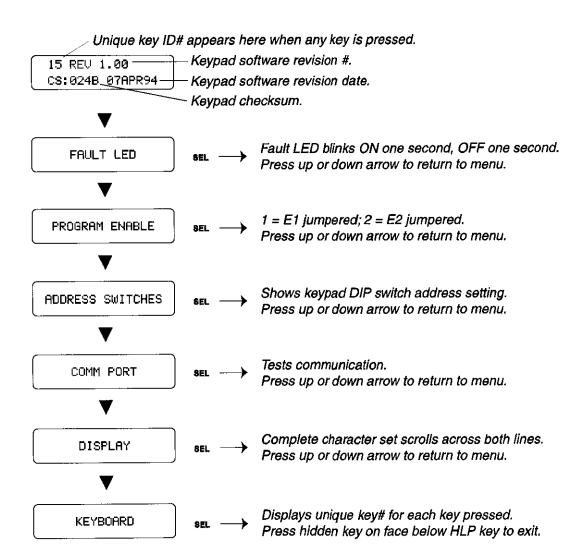
The keypad cannot be repaired in the field. If a unit fails, do not disassemble it. Return it to the factory for replacement.

**Keypad Fault LED** 

If the Fault LED on the keypad lights, turn the controller off and back on. If the keypad Fault LED does not go off, the keypad microprocessor has malfunctioned. Return the keypad to the factory.

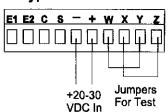
**Keypad Diagnostics** 

The keypad includes a series of diagnostics that show the status of various keypad functions. To start the diagnostics, turn the controller off, then restart the controller while pressing any key on the keypad.



### **Keypad Communications Port Test Setup**

### **Keypad Terminal Block**



When the COMM PORT diagnostic is run with keypad terminals W, X, Y, and Z jumpered as shown, a string of "plus" signs will scroll across the display. When either jumper is removed, the scrolling will stop.

## **Resolver Troubleshooting**

#### **Mechanical Problems**

If the resolver is generating erratic RPM or position readings, or the position appears to be shifting periodically with respect to the machine cycle, check the mechanical coupling between the resolver and the machine.

If the coupling is not slipping, loosen the coupling and rotate the resolver shaft in both directions with sudden, jerky motions. If the controller displays unusual position or RPM readings, the resolver may be need to be replaced.



# Electrical Problems

Resolvers cannot be repaired in the field. If a unit fails, do not disassemble it. Return it to the factory for replacement.

If any wire in one of the three individually shielded pairs becomes disconnected, the following error message will appear on the keypad/display:

ERROR: RESOLVER NOT CONNECTED!

The output channels will immediately be disabled until the resolver is reconnected. Press ESC to clear the error message.

Note that ESC will clear the message and restore access to keypad programming even if the resolver has not been reconnected.

Follow this procedure to troubleshoot electrical problems:

- 1. Verify that the electrical connections at each end of the resolver cable are secure.
- Disconnect the cable at the controller. Measure the resistances between all wires on the terminal block. The paired wires should have the resistances shown in the table below, while the resistance between every other combination of wires should be infinite. If the resistances are correct, the controller may need to be replaced.
- 3. If the resistances in Step 2 are incorrect, the problem may be in the cable or in the resolver. Disconnect the cable at the resolver and measure the resistances at the resolver pins. If the resistances are correct, the cable is bad. If the resistances are wrong, the resolver should be replaced.

Wire Pair	Resistance or	<u>Resistance</u>
White/Black	15 to 25 Ohms	60 to 85 Ohms
Red/Black	20 to 40 Ohms	135 to 185 Ohms
Green/Black	20 to 40 Ohms	135 to 185 Ohms

Note: The resolver resistance will fall into one set of ranges or the other, depending on the date of manufacture.

Problem	Possible Solutions		
A digital output does not operate	<ol> <li>Verify correct wiring from the output to the load.</li> <li>Verify that the LED on the solid state relay lights at the correct times.</li> <li>Verify that the channel's status, as viewed on the PS-6400 Keypad/Display's I/O status screen, operates correctly.</li> <li>Verify that the setpoint programming in the PL-1746 is correct.</li> <li>Check for other programming such as timed outputs, group and mode logic, and enable windows (9x channels) in the PL-1746 that can inhibit outputs.</li> <li>Verify that the relay's fuse is operational using the on-board fuse tester.</li> <li>Replace the solid state relay with a known good relay.</li> <li>Check the RUNNING (green) LED (D12). It should be continuously lit.</li> <li>Check the COMMUNICATIONS (yellow) LED (D11). It should be continuously lit.</li> <li>Verify that the PL-1746 module is operating correctly. If not, see the PL-1746 trouble-shooting guide.</li> <li>Verify that the cable connections between PL-1746 module and the PS-4108 racks are correct.</li> <li>Verify that the rack's addressing switches are set correctly.</li> <li>Verify that the rack's termination switches are set correctly.</li> <li>Verify that the rack quantity is set correctly in the PL-1746.</li> </ol>		
An analog output does not operate	<ol> <li>Verify correct wiring from the output to the load.</li> <li>Verify that the analog programming in the PL-1746 is correct.</li> <li>Replace the analog module with a known good module.</li> <li>Check the RUNNING (green) LED (D12). If it is dark, go to step 6.</li> <li>Check the COMMUNICATIONS (yellow) LED (D11). It should be continuously lit.</li> <li>Verify that the PL-1746 module is operating correctly. It should be continuously lit.</li> <li>Verify that the cable connections between PL-1746 module and the PS-4108 racks are correct.</li> <li>Verify that the rack's addressing switches are set correctly.</li> <li>Verify that the rack's termination switches are set correctly.</li> <li>Verify that the rack quantity is set correctly in the PL-1746.</li> </ol>		
An input does not operate	<ol> <li>Verify correct wiring to the input.</li> <li>Verify that the input's LED is operating correctly.</li> <li>Verify that the input's status, as viewed on the PS-6400 keypad's I/O status screen, operates correctly.</li> <li>Verify the group and mode programming and the enable window programming (9x channels) in the PL-1746.</li> <li>Check the RUNNING (green) LED (D12). It should be continuously lit.</li> <li>Check the COMMUNICATIONS (yellow) LED (D11). It should be continuously lit.</li> <li>Verify that the PL-1746 module is operating correctly. If not, see the PL-1746 troubleshooring guide.</li> <li>Verify that the cable connections between PL-1746 module and the PS-4108 racks are correct.</li> <li>Verify that the rack's addressing switches are set correctly.</li> <li>Verify that the rack quantity is set correctly in the PL-1746.</li> </ol>		

# **PS-4108 Rack Troubleshooting**

Problem	Possible Solutions
An input to an external device that is driven by a digital AC output stays on continuously	<ol> <li>Verify that the LED on the solid state relay lights at the correct times.</li> <li>Verify that the channel's status, as viewed on the PS-6400 Keypad/Display's I/O status screen, operates correctly.</li> <li>Verify that the setpoint programming in the PL-1746 is correct.</li> <li>Check for other programming such as timed outputs, group and mode logic, and enable windows (9x channels) in the PL-1746 that can inhibit outputs.</li> <li>See if installing a 10k, 5W resistor in parallel with the external device's input corrects the problem.</li> <li>Replace the solid state relay with a known good relay.</li> <li>Contact the factory.</li> </ol>
A digital DC output stays on continuously	<ol> <li>Verify that the LED on the solid state relay lights at the correct times.</li> <li>Verify that the channel's status, as viewed on the PS-6400 keypad's I/O status screen, operates correctly.</li> <li>Verify that the setpoint programming in the PL-1746 is correct.</li> <li>Check for other programming such as timed outputs, group and mode logic, and enable windows (9x channels) in the PL-1746 that can inhibit outputs.</li> <li>Verify correct wiring from the output to the load. Polarity must be observed when wiring DC outputs.</li> <li>Replace the solid state relay with a known good relay.</li> <li>Contact the factory.</li> </ol>

## Error Messages: PL-1746-C01 Module



The module cannot be repaired in the field. If a unit fails, do not disassemble it. Return it to the factory for replacement.

The PL-1746 major errors will fault the SLC 500 CPU. The following are the error codes displayed on the PL-1746 module and their meanings:

PLS Module Display Readout	RS Lo	gix 500 Major Errors - Troubleshooting
EX 05 Interrupt from unused vector	S75	Call factory.
EX 06 NMI without PWRFAIL_	S76	Call factory.
EX 07 Resolver not OK	S77	Check resolver wiring.
EX 08 Backplane overflow	S78	Check ladder for too many writes to the M0 or M1 file.
EX 09 SLC interface pipe is full	S79	Call factory.
EX 0A SLC fatal error	S7A	Call factory.
EX 0B SLC access timer time-out	S7B	Call factory.
EX 0C Rack interface time-out	S7C	Check I/O rack configuration and DIP switches.
EX 0D Power supply failed	S7D	Check to see if 24VDC is present on front of module.
EX 0E PS-4108 Rack interface data error	S7E	Check I/O rack configuration and DIP switches.
EX 0F PS-4108 Rack interface time-out	S7F	Check I/O rack configuration and DIP switches.
and data error		

# Error Messages: PL-1746-C02/C03 Module



**PLS Module Display Readout** 

The module cannot be repaired in the field. If a unit fails, do not disassemble it. Return it to the factory for replacement.

The following are the error codes displayed on the PL-1746 module. These errors will appear in the Hardware Status Register I:S.5. To clear the error, toggle bit O:S.0/8 ON and OFF. See Input Status Register in Chapter 3, page 3-3.

EX 05 Interrupt from unused vector	Call factory.
EX 06 NMI without PWRFAIL_	Call factory.
EX 07 Resolver not ok	Check resolver wiring.
EX 08 Backplane overflow	Check ladder for too many writes to the M0 or M1 file.
EX 09 SLC interface pipe is full	Call factory.
EX 0A SLC fatal error	Call factory.
EX 0B SLC access timer time-out	Call factory.
EX 0C SLC queue overflow	Call factory.
EX 0D Power supply failed	Check to see if 24VDC is present on front of module.
EX 0E System Busy	See Hardware Status/Error Register in Chapter 3, page 3-3.
EX 0F Reserved	

**Troubleshooting** 

Note: The PL-1746-C02/C03 has a green POWER LED, which lights to indicate that the CPU is out of reset, and a yellow FAULT LED which lights if there is a PL-1746-C02 system fault.

## Error Messages: PS-6400 Keypad (cont'd)

Error Message:

Description:

Too many speed

compensated channels

The maximum number of speed compensated channels have already been programmed.

Solution: Press ESC key to clear the error.

Too many timed outputs

The maximum number of timed outputs have been used.

**Solution:** Press ESC key to clear the error.

A group is in Mode 1 or Mode 2: Can't go to ONE

There are groups that are in modes that affect the offset of the group. Cannot change Group

Position Display to ONE offset for all groups. Solution: Press ESC key to clear the error.

Can't change # of channels

in last group

There was an attempt to change the number of channels in the last group. The last group

receives all remaining channels available in the controller.

Solution: Press ESC key to clear the error.

Mode cannot be 1 or 2 if

Group Position Display in ONE

There was an attempt to set a group to mode 1 or 2 when the Group Position Display is set to

ONE.

Solution: Press ESC key to clear the error. Change the Group Position Display to "EACH".

Keypad RS-485 link

was broken

Check for Loose Wires. One of the wire connections from the controller to keypad has

experienced an intermittent connection or maintained an open connection.

Solution: Press ESC key to clear the error. Check to make sure cable connections are securely plugged in. Check wires going into connectors for broken wires or loose connections. Check for continuity between connectors while flexing the cable to check for intermit-

tent connections.

Too many setpoints

There was an attempt to program in another setpoint after the maximum number of setpoints

were already in the controller.

Solution: Press ESC key to clear the error.

Value out of limit

A number was entered that exceeds allowable limits for the item being programmed. Some examples are: A setpoint value that exceeds the scale factor, a channel number that exceeds the number of channels available, a program number higher than is allowed by the controller,

etc.

Solution: Press ESC key to clear the error and re-enter a value that is within the limits of the

parameter.

Pulse will overlap another pulse in the same channel

There was an attempt to program a pulse that has either an ON or OFF point overlapping an

existing pulse in the channel.

Solution: Press ESC key to clear the error. Review the existing setpoints to determine the

cause of the overlap condition and re-enter values.

I/O power fail (PL-1746-C01 only)

This indicates that the power supply for the isolated circuitry and rack has failed.

Solution: Press ESC key to clear the error. Check power source and connections to I/O rack

power input.

EEPROM reset to factory defaults

The configuration data in the PLS has been reset to factory default values. This happens

when the user executes a memory test function 7000 or 7001.